

Research Article

Integration of Christian Strategy and Innovative Learning in Christian Religious Education in the Digital Age

Meike Irmawati Tompira^{1*}, Tonny Andrian Stefanus², Maria Titik Windarti³

¹⁻³ Sekolah Tinggi Teologi Kadesi Bogor, Indonesia; Email: meike@sttkb.ac.id

* Corresponding Author : Meike Irmawati Tompira

Abstract: The transformation of education in the digital age demands an integrative approach between spiritual strategies and learning technologies. This article combines the principles of Jesus' teaching according to Matthew 5–7 and the church's strategies in shaping responsible servant leaders with innovative learning approaches that strengthen the professional competencies of Christian Religious Education (PAK) teachers. The research method used is a literature review of two relevant articles. The results indicate that the integration of spiritual disciplines (such as discipleship, prayer, obedience) and technological innovations (such as flipped learning, blended learning, and game-based learning) contributes to the improvement of contextual Christian education quality. PAK teachers act as agents of transformation to deliver meaningful learning, Christian character, and balanced technological mastery.

Keywords: Church strategies, Christian character, Digital innovation, Professional teachers

1. Introduction

The changing times marked by the advent of the digital age have disrupted various sectors of life, including education. This transformation is not only related to how information is accessed, but also to the process of delivering teaching materials. [1] Christian Religious Education is no exception to this demand. Its presence in a global and digital context requires teachers to be adaptive and able to align spiritual values with relevant pedagogical approaches.

Christian Religious Education teachers (PAK) have a dual responsibility in shaping students' intellectual and spiritual development. [2] Amidst technological advancements, PAK teachers must be able to instil Christian values in a contextual manner. Learning that focuses solely on cognitive aspects without considering character will lose its essence as a means of forming the whole person. Therefore, an integrative approach between church strategies and innovative learning is needed.

Additionally, the character crisis currently occurring in ministry and education is a serious concern. Many church ministers and Christian educators are trapped in administrative routines and have lost their spiritual calling. The formation of responsible Christ-like character cannot happen instantly but requires targeted and systematic strategies. The church and educational institutions must collaborate in instilling these values. [3]

In this context, the principles of Jesus' teachings in Matthew 5–7 become highly relevant. Teachings about love, humility, forgiveness, and obedience to God must be the main framework for learning. These values are not only theological but also applicable in daily life, especially in shaping a generation with spiritual and social integrity.

This study aims to integrate two strategic approaches: the Christian values taught by Jesus and technological innovation in learning. The ultimate goal of this integration is to produce a PAK learning model that is not only pedagogically effective but also spiritually

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profound. PAK teachers become the main actors in creatively and reflectively bridging these two worlds.[4]

2. Proposed Method

This study employs a literature review approach, which involves the collection and analysis of data from various academic sources such as journals, books, and research reports relevant to the topic of integrating church strategies and learning innovation in Christian education. This method is used to gain a deep theoretical understanding and to develop a conceptual synthesis based on previous findings.

The sources reviewed include literature from reputable journals (SINTA, DOAJ), Christian theology books, and articles discussing teacher competencies and learning innovation in the digital age. Sources were selected based on their relevance, recency, and methodological strength. Literature from the last five years was given priority, but classical references were also used as a theological foundation.

Data were analysed using content analysis and narrative synthesis techniques. Content analysis was used to identify main themes such as character formation, discipleship, educational technology, and teacher competence. Narrative synthesis was conducted to establish relationships between concepts and form a coherent framework.

Data validity is ensured by comparing various sources and emphasising the relevance between the Christian educational context and the dynamics of the digital era. Inclusion and exclusion criteria are used to ensure that the selected literature truly supports the objectives of this study. Literature that lacks a strong methodological foundation is excluded from the analysis.

The results of this analysis are presented in the form of a systematic and logical academic narrative. With this approach, the article is expected to make a significant contribution to the development of holistic, contextual, and Christian value-based PAK learning strategies in an increasingly digitalised world.

3. Results and Discussion

Church Strategy and Jesus' Teaching Principles

Church strategy in shaping responsible servants involves discipleship, pastoral counselling, fellowship, and teaching. Discipleship is the main foundation because through intense relationships, individuals learn not only theory but also a life that reflects Christ. Churches that emphasise discipleship demonstrate a more stable level of spiritual maturity and resistance to the temptations of the times.[5]

Pastoral counselling is a form of the church's concern for the personal lives of its members. This strategy mimics Jesus' teaching style, which was close and touched the lives of His disciples. In the counselling process, the values of love, forgiveness, and moral guidance can be deeply instilled. This is where character formation takes place in a personal and transformative way.[6]

Fellowship as a collective spiritual space has the potential to instil values of responsibility, humility, and service. In fellowship, interactions between participants facilitate horizontal and vertical growth in faith. A culture of praying for one another, sharing experiences, and practising love is a tangible manifestation of Christ's teachings in Matthew 5–7.

Bible-based teaching is the primary tool for transformation. In Matthew 5–7, Jesus conveys the principles of the Kingdom of God through the Sermon on the Mount. These teachings touch on moral, social, and spiritual aspects. They are not mere rhetoric, but an invitation to live out one's faith. The church must make these teachings the curriculum of life for ministers and church members.

This entire strategy must be integrated and implemented consistently. The church is not only a place of worship but also a centre for Christian character development. By adopting Jesus' teaching principles as a guide, the church will produce a generation of ministers and educators who are not only capable of serving but also become light and salt in the midst of the digital world.

Challenges and Demands for PAK Teachers in the Digital Age

PAK teachers in the digital age face significant challenges in transforming conventional teaching into interactive and relevant learning experiences. The digital world demands a balance of pedagogical and technological skills. Teachers must not only master the content of Christian doctrine but also creative ways to convey it through digital media such as educational videos, online platforms, and interactive applications.

Another challenge is the low level of technological competence among some PAK teachers. Many still experience difficulties in adapting technology to learning. This has an impact on the quality of the teaching and learning process, which is less interesting and not in line with the characteristics of the digital generation. Therefore, improving competence is a priority agenda in the development of PAK teachers [7].

However, the digital era also provides great opportunities for PAK teachers to reach students more broadly and personally. Learning is no longer limited by space and time. Materials can be accessed anytime and anywhere. In this context, teachers can focus on their role as spiritual mentors who are present through empathetic and reflective online interactions.

Furthermore, PAK teachers are required to have strong spirituality. Integrity and exemplary behaviour are key assets in facing moral disruption amid technological advances. Teachers do not only transfer knowledge but also shape the character and attitudes of students through authentic examples.

Within this framework, PAK teachers need to continuously renew themselves professionally and spiritually. Through training, learning communities, and the integration of Christian values in digital teaching, PAK teachers will remain relevant and effective. Their role is crucial in preparing a generation that is not only technologically literate but also strong in faith and character in Christ.[8]

Innovative and Relevant Learning Models

Innovative learning is the answer to the need for contextual and dynamic education in the digital age. Innovation is not merely about introducing new technology, but about meaningful new ways of transforming the learning process. PAK teachers can use the flipped learning approach, where students learn the material at home through videos and class time is used for discussions on values and spiritual reflection.

Game-based learning can also be used to increase students' interest in learning. Applications such as Kahoot, Quizizz, and Wordwall are able to present teaching materials in the form of fun games. This strategy can be applied in teaching doctrine or Bible stories that require high memory retention. With a touch of spiritual values, this model is effective in strengthening students' character and understanding.[9]

Blended learning is an approach that bridges online and offline learning. In Christian education, this model allows for the strengthening of faith through worship together in class, as well as independent exploration of material through digital platforms. The balance between technology-based learning and human relationships is key to the success of this model.

The cooperative learning model also greatly supports the formation of values such as togetherness, love, and responsibility. Group discussions, collaborative projects, and group presentations encourage students to learn from each other and apply Christian values in social dynamics. In this context, technology becomes a tool, not the ultimate goal.[10]

By implementing these innovative models, PAK teachers can create meaningful, contextual, and spiritual learning experiences. The combination of digital strategies and spiritual values forms a curriculum that balances the cognitive and spiritual needs of students.

Implications for Christian Religious Education

The integration of church strategies and innovative learning opens new horizons in Christian education. PAK teachers have a central role as a bridge between the spiritual and digital worlds. They must be able to translate Christian values into applicable, interesting, and contextually relevant learning.[11]

The first implication is the need to update the Christian Education curriculum to align with the characteristics of the digital generation. The curriculum should no longer focus solely on doctrine but also on practical Christian life skills that can be applied in daily life. A living and contextual curriculum will shape students into competent individuals with Christ-like character.[12]

Second, theological education institutions and Christian schools must develop teacher development programmes that focus on improving digital and spiritual competencies. Workshops, online training, and reflective communities are means to assist PAK teachers in transforming their roles.

Third, learning evaluation in PAK must consider character and spirituality dimensions. It is not enough to assess cognitive abilities, but also the extent to which students understand and live out Christian values. Technology can be a tool in conducting project-based and digital portfolio evaluations.[13]

Fourth, the involvement of the church in the educational process is very important. Collaboration between churches and Christian schools will strengthen the formation of Christian character in a sustainable manner. The church can provide a space for students to practice ministry while also serving as a spiritual mentor.[14]

Fifth, PAK teachers who are able to integrate innovative learning with Christian values will strengthen the relevance of religious education in the digital age.[15] They not only teach, but also shape, guide, and inspire future generations to live in the light of Christ.

4. Conclusions

The formation of character of God's servants and Christian students in the digital age requires integration between church strategies and innovative learning approaches. PAK teachers play a key role as spiritual facilitators and agents of technological transformation. By combining Christian values in teaching and utilising technology wisely, Christian education can remain relevant, transformative, and meaningful.

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